| Roll | No. | : | |
|------|-----|---|--|
| | | • | |

Total No. of Questions: 9]

[Total No. of Pages : 3

57521

B.B.A. 3rd Semester Examination, March-2021

(New Scheme 2014-17)

COST AND MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING

Paper-BBAN-301

Time: Three Hours |

Maximum Marks: 80

Before answering the questions, candidates should ensure that they have been supplied the correct and complete question paper. No complaint in this regard, will be entertained after examination.

Note: Attempt five questions in all, selecting one question from each Unit of Section-B. Question No. 1 is compulsory.

Section-A

- 1. (a) What is meant by Unit of Cost?
 - (b) Distinguish between 'Indirect Expenses' and overheads.

(1)

RD-346 P.T.O.

- (o) Distinguish between normal and abnormal idle time.
- (d) Define the over time.
- (e) Write note on cost-plus contract.
- (f) Explain the stock turnover ratio.
- (g) Define the Batch costing.
- (h) Define the Financial Budgeting. 2×8=16

Section-B

Unit-I

16 each

- 2. What is the significance of cost accounting to management? In what respect does cost accounting differ from financial accounting?
- What are the objects of material control? State briefly the various methods for pricing the issue of materials.

Unit-II

16 each

- 4. What is meant by 'Overhead Expenses' ? Give the various methods of absorbing overhead.
- 5. Define normal wastage, abnormal wastage and abnormal effectiveness and explain their effects on the ascertainment of cost of an article. How will they be treated in process cost accounting?

57521_4950

(2)

RD-346

57521 4950

Unit-III

16 each

- 6. In a period, sales amount to ₹ 4,00,000 and net profit ₹ .40,000. Fixed overheads are ₹ 60,000. Find out :
 - (a) P/V ratio
 - (b) Profit when sales will be ₹ 6,00,000
 - (c) Sales to earn a profit of ₹ 60,000
 - (d) Contribution at the sales of 3,00,000
- Explain the various types of responsibility centres and define responsibility accounting.

Unit-IV

16 each

- 8. What is meant by analysis of financial statements? Discuss its objectives and types.
- 9. A machine costs ₹ 8,000 and is expected to produce profits before depreciation of ₹ 2,500 in each of years 1 and 2 and ₹ 3,500 in each of years 3 and 4. Assuming that the machine is depreciated at a constant rate of ₹ 2,000 a year and that there are no taxes, what is the average rate of return?

(3) **RD-346**